

# $L^r$ -Helmholtz-Weyl decomposition in 3D exterior domains and its application to the Navier-Stokes equations

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First, we show that in 3D exterior domains  $\Omega$  with the compact smooth boundary  $\partial\Omega$ , two spaces  $X_{\text{har}}^r(\Omega)$  and  $V_{\text{har}}^r(\Omega)$  of  $L^r$ -harmonic vector fields  $\mathbf{h}$  with  $\mathbf{h} \cdot \boldsymbol{\nu}|_{\partial\Omega} = 0$  and  $\mathbf{h} \times \boldsymbol{\nu}|_{\partial\Omega} = 0$  are both of finite dimensions, where  $\boldsymbol{\nu}$  denotes the unit outward normal to  $\partial\Omega$ . Next, we prove that for every  $L^r$ -vector field  $\mathbf{u}$  in  $\Omega$ , there exist  $\mathbf{h} \in X_{\text{har}}^r(\Omega)$ ,  $\mathbf{w} \in \dot{H}^{1,r}(\Omega)^3$  with  $\text{div } \mathbf{w} = 0$  and  $p \in \dot{H}^{1,r}(\Omega)$  such that  $\mathbf{u}$  is uniquely decomposed as

$$\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{h} + \text{rot } \mathbf{w} + \nabla p.$$

On the other hand, if for the given  $L^r$ -vector field  $\mathbf{u}$  we choose its harmonic part  $\mathbf{h}$  from  $V_{\text{har}}^r(\Omega)$ , then we have a similar decomposition to above, while the unique expression of  $\mathbf{u}$  holds only for  $1 < r < 3$ . Furthermore, the choice of  $p$  in  $\dot{H}^{1,r}(\Omega)$  is determined in accordance with the threshold  $r = 3/2$ .

In particular, we consider an exterior domain  $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^3$  having compact boundary  $\partial\Omega = \bigcup_{j=1}^L \Gamma_j$ , where  $\Gamma_1, \dots, \Gamma_L$  are  $L$  disjoint smooth closed surfaces. As an application of our  $L^r$ -decomposition of vector fields, we prove the existence of weak solutions  $\mathbf{v}$  of the stationary Navier-Stokes equations in  $\Omega$  satisfying  $\mathbf{v}|_{\Gamma_j} = \boldsymbol{\beta}_j$ ,  $j = 1, \dots, L$  and  $\mathbf{v} \rightarrow \mathbf{0}$  as  $|x| \rightarrow \infty$ , where  $\boldsymbol{\beta}_j$ ,  $j = 1, \dots, L$  are the given boundary data.

Our results are based on the joint work with Matthias Hieber, Anton Seyferd(TU Darmstadt), Senjo Shimizu(Kyoto Univ.) and Taku Yanagisawa(Nara Women Univ.).

## References

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